Year 2 – Who do you think you are?

Enquiry question: What is it like to be British?

National Curriculum Objectives Core Knowledge & Key Questions Locational knowledge: Which countries make up the UK and where are they in relation to each other? To name, locate and identify characteristics of the four Identify the four counties of the United Kingdom and their capital cities. countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and Understand location and position of countries in relation to one another using its surrounding seas. compass points. Human and physical geography To identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the What would I see if I visited a capital city in the UK? United Kingdom. Recognise characteristics and landmarks of the capital cities. To use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key Identify and describe physical and human features of London and Edinburgh and begin physical features and human features of the UK. to compare them. Geographical skills and fieldwork To use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the Which is the longest river in the UK? United Kingdom and its countries. Identify, locate and compare some of the main rivers of the UK. To use simple compass directions (North, South, East Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical and human features. and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the What are the highest points of the UK? location of features and routes on a map. Identify, locate and compare the highest points of the UK.

basic symbols in a key. **Prior Learning**

Year 1: Local geography 'My school and me' topic begin to develop map reading skills and fieldwork skills Year 1: UK geography 'Our Island Home' topic – begin to develop an understanding of geography of UK including countries and physical and human features.

To use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to

recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct

Year 1: UK geography 'Best of British' topic - develop map reading and other fieldwork skills in study of London.

Is the weather different in different parts of the UK?

Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom in 2 contrasting locations.

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical and human features.

4 countries of the United Kingdom and their 4 capital cities – comparison between Edinburgh and London Highest points of the UK – comparison between Ben Nevis, Scafell Pike and Snowdon Rivers of the UK – comparison between River Thames and River Severn

Specific geographical areas studied

Linked Texts

Halibut Jackson – David Lucas The Lonely Beast by Chris Judge

Future Learning

Year 3: "Local Heroes" topic - detailed local area study - develop understanding of place (local area) geographical and fieldwork skills - geography and history focus.

Year 4: UK regional geography "A Kingdom United?"

- More in-depth study of different regions of the UK.

Locational knowledge	Place knowledge	Physical geography	Human geography	Physical and human processes	BIG Question: Outcome & Assessment Opportunity
What capital cities are London,	What can I find in? What is	What physical features can we	What human features can we	How do people affect the area	How can we record the highest
Edinburgh, Cardiff and Belfast	it like to live in?	see on maps and aerial views of	see on maps and aerial views of	that they live in?	points of the UK?
situated?	- look at features of key	the UK? How do the physical	the UK? What is it like to live in	- beginning understanding of	
	locations around the UK and	features of the countryside	certain areas?	impact that people have on	Create a poster advertising the
Where are the countries of the	compare them with other	differ from towns?	- develop understanding of	their environment.	three peaks challenge.
UK in relation to each other?	locations.	- develop understanding of	what a human feature is		
		what a physical feature is			

Fieldwork Opportunities	Key vocabulary	Key Geographical Skills
 Begin to understand the use of symbols on maps to represent features Create own maps (both physical and paper) using basic symbols Basic orientation N, S, E, W (on maps) Sustainability and environmental concerns Pupils could investigate how human activity has damaged rivers over time and also what is being done today to conserve rivers. Pupils could discuss changes they could make to their lives to help conserve rivers.	 geography place, community, neighbour/ neighbourhood identity direction, position, near, far human features: town, village, school, farm, house, shop, train station, railway line, road, street, park, building, office physical features: field, woods, river, mountain, loch, lake, compass points – North, South, East and West map, plan aerial view, birds-eye view landmarks transport, journey landscape environment 	 I can create a map of a particular area (local or otherwise) and create a key showing the basic symbols. I can use simple compass directions (N, S, E, W) and locational and directional language to describe where places are and how to get there. I can use maps and globes to identify UK, continents, oceans, and the North and South poles. I can mark the different places I have studied on a map. I can use maps and globes to identify the UK and its four countries. I can explain the purpose of a capital city and label the capital cities of the UK. I can use basic geographical vocabulary to identify key physical features: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, valley, soil, vegetation, season, weather. I can use basic geographical vocabulary to identify key human features: city, town, office, village, factory, farm, house, shop, port, harbour. I can explain the difference between weather and climate. I can explain why the weather changes. I can say why the climate varies across the UK.