Year	r 3 —	Loca	l He	roes

Enquiry question: How has Godalming changed in the last 130 years?

National Curriculum Objectives

Name and locate counties and cities of the UK, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features, and use land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.

To describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food and minerals.

Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.

Use symbols and keys to build their knowledge of the UK and wider world.

Prior Learning

Local History study - Builds on historical enquiry skills and changes within living memory developed in Yr 1 "My school and Me" topic.

Local geography - builds on local geographical knowledge, spatial sense and fieldwork skills in Yr 1 topic "My school and Me" and Yr 2 topic "Who do you think you are?".

What does a map show us?

- Draw a simple map of their table top and the school grounds
- Use a grid reference to identify a feature on an aerial photograph of the school.

Core Knowledge & Key Questions

How does a google maps app relate to a globe?

- What is an address.
- Investigate how each line of my address is zooming further out.
- Investigate how a map relates to the earth on a globe.
- Watch clip showing the impact of zooming out ending with the earth in space.

What are the physical and man-made features of Godalming?

- Identify the difference between physical and man-made features.
- List examples of the two types of features.
- Identify places and features on aerial photographs and maps of the local area, and the school grounds.
- Use a grid reference to identify a feature on an aerial photograph.
- Design and carry out a survey about what local people appreciate about, living in Godalming

Who was Jack Phillips?

- Visit Godalming Museum and various places in Godalming which show who he
 was and his legacy.
- How he is remembered as a tourist attraction.

Who was Gertrude Jekyll?

- Garden designer
- Local suffragette and campaigner.
- Paint a simple plan of a garden in cool or warm colours in the style of Gertrude Jekyll's designs.
- Her legacy

How have the architectural style of the houses in Farncombe and Godalming changed?

- Identify house built at different times and their significant features and changes.
- Identify simple differences between maps from 1890, 1950 and present day of Godalming.
- Label the features of 3 different houses from different periods in history.

How have transport developments influenced our local area?

- List the ways things are transported today.
- Investigate the impact of the railways.
- Label and annotate aerial photographs. Match the features on the aerial photograph with places on a map.
- Suggest reasons for the changes.
- Identify similarities and differences as a list

Specific geographical areas studied

Binscombe, Farncombe, Godalming. Route of the Titanic to New York.

Linked Texts

Kasper Prince of Cats by Michael Morpurgo

Future Learning

Yr 4: Geography - Further developing detailed mapwork and orienteering skills, and enquiry into local environmental issue

Yr 6: British and local history - further develop understanding of continuity and change and the impact on our local area during key periods of British history (Industrial Revolution and WW2 topics)

Locational knowledge	Place knowledge	Physical geography	Human geography	Physical and human processes	BIG Question: Outcome & Assessment Opportunity
Where is Godalming in relation to Surrey, London, England, United Kingdom, Europe and the world?	How has Godalming changed, or stayed the same in the last 150 years?	River Wey, position of Farncombe Hill, Broadwater Lake.	Growth of the railway and the creation of Farncombe and Godalming Station Expansion of Binscombe as an urban settlement, Change in the use of the river from trade to leisure.	Widening the river to use as a canal for trade. Extension of the railway line and the change in the siting of Godalming Station. The expansion of housing in Godalming and Farncombe.	How has Godalming changed and what has stayed the same in the last 150 years?

Fieldwork Opportunities	Key vocabulary	Key Geographical Skills
Walk to Godalming noting significant places in Jack Phillips life. Visit Godalming museum and the Pepper Pot. Conduct a simple survey with members of the public. Sustainability and environmental concerns River pollution. Traffic build up. River flood defences	 Settlement Physical feature Man-made feature Village Town City Map Globe Aerial photograph Route County Country Continent Grid reference Trade Transport 	 I can ask which physical and human features a particular locality has and begin to give reasons why these features are where they are. I can ask questions about environmental issues affecting a particular locality. I can find out about places and features of these places through both observation and using other information sources. I can compare how a locality has changed over time and give reasons for this. I can use a key on a map to identify certain features of areas, e.g. different types of settlements, routes of rivers from source to sea, mountain ranges. I can make detailed sketches of a location, labelling them with geographical vocabulary. I can draw maps and plans of a small locality using 8 compass points, a simple scale and simple grid references. I can use the terms "physical" and "human" accurately to describe different types of settlements and where they are located, thinking why people may have chosen to settle in these places. I can identify how particular settlements have changed over time and give reasons why this might have happened. I can use compass points (NSEW) when describing the position of places in relation to each other.