

DIY – Tools of the past

How did life change and develop from the Stone Age to the Iron Age?

1. When was the Stone Age and how long did it last for?



The Stone Age began 3,000,000 years ago and ended in 3000 BC

How do we know about life in the Stone Age if there are no written records?

We can use artefacts and cave paintings found by archaeologists.



Chronology

3. How was Stonehenge built and why is it significant?

Stonehenge was created as a place to gather and worship. They created a stone circle



Stonehenge was made from large stone. The stones were transported over logs.

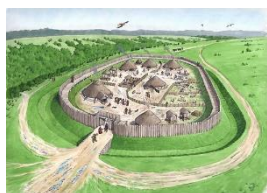


Significance

5. How did life change with the development of iron?

Tools and weapons were then made out of iron which is stronger and better.

Villages moved to hillforts to protect communities.



Continuity & change

Golden Thread: innovation and Legacy

Chronology: 3 million BC – 3000 BC

Year 1 Spring 1

2. How did people live in the Stone Age? What can the Skara Brae settlement tell us about life in the later Stone Age? How did life change when Stone Age people began to farm?

People began living alone. They then lived in tents as families and in the Neolithic era they began to live in settlements.



People learnt to farm animals and created settlements around the animals.

The houses in Skara Brae were made out of stone including beds.



Similarities & differences

4. How did tools and technology develop between the Stone Age and the Bronze Age and how did this change the way people lived?

In the Stone Age they made things out of stone, in the Bronze Age they used bronze. People had 2 houses, 1 for living in and 1 for working in.

Clothes began to be made out of fabric and people wore more clothes.

Tools were made out of bronze instead of stone.



Cause & consequence



6. Stone Age Day - What was it really like to live in the Stone Age?

They used fire to keep warm and to cook food.

Hunters killed animals for meat, gatherers collected fruit and nuts.

Tools/weapons developed from stone to bronze and then iron.



Similarities & differences